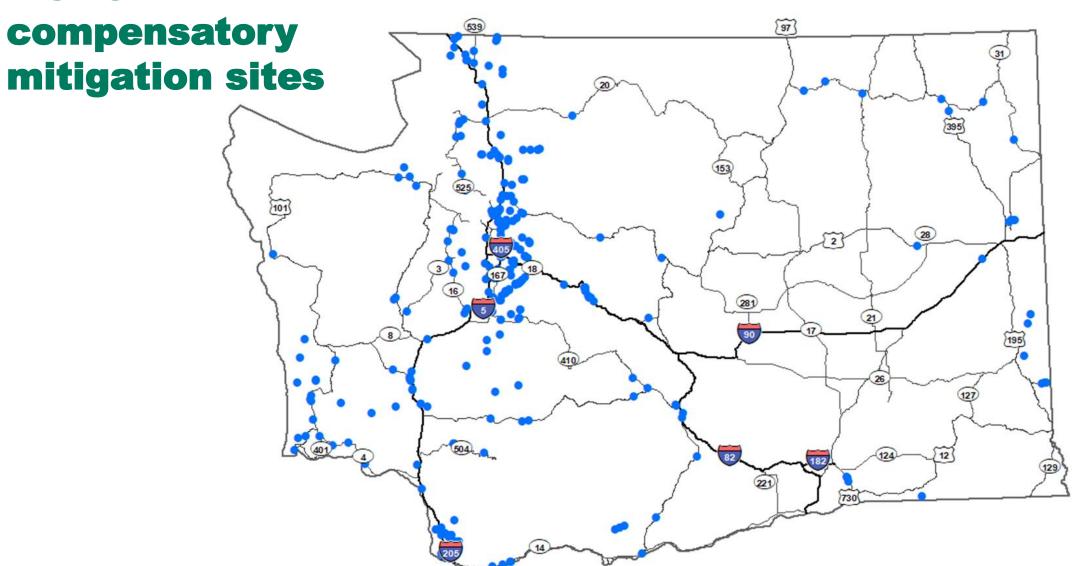


Barnes Creek Mitigation Site

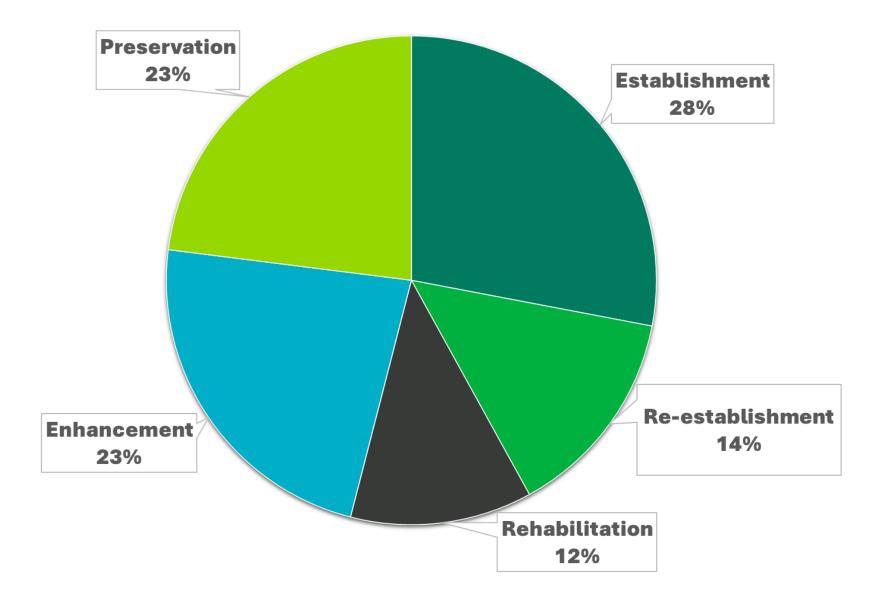
Prioritizing a Preservation Concept in an Urban Environment

Jennie Husby, WSDOT Wetland Biologist Maki Dalzell, PWS, HNTB October 2024

WSDOT



WSDOT permitteeresponsible mitigation









Wetland Mitigation in Washington State Part 1: Agency Policies and Guidance

Version 2

April 2021 Publication 21-06-003 "Preservation has the following advantages as a compensatory mitigation tool:

- Preservation can ensure protection of high-quality, high-functioning aquatic systems that are critical for the health of the watershed.
- Preservation can help maintain and protect habitat corridors that connect otherwise isolated wetland habitats.
- Preservation does not involve the uncertainty of success inherent in restoration, creation, or enhancement.
- Preservation of wetlands collectively throughout a watershed (i.e., through corridors and habitat patch-network connectivity) helps maintain and protect the environmental processes of the watershed.
- Preservation is the most ecologically effective option for wetland types that are rare or impossible to replace such as peatlands and old-growth or mature forested wetlands."



SR 509 Completion Project

- SR 509 Stage 1a Opened to traffic in 2022
- SR 509 Stage 1b
 I-5 to 24th Avenue South
 New Expressway
 Open to traffic in 2025







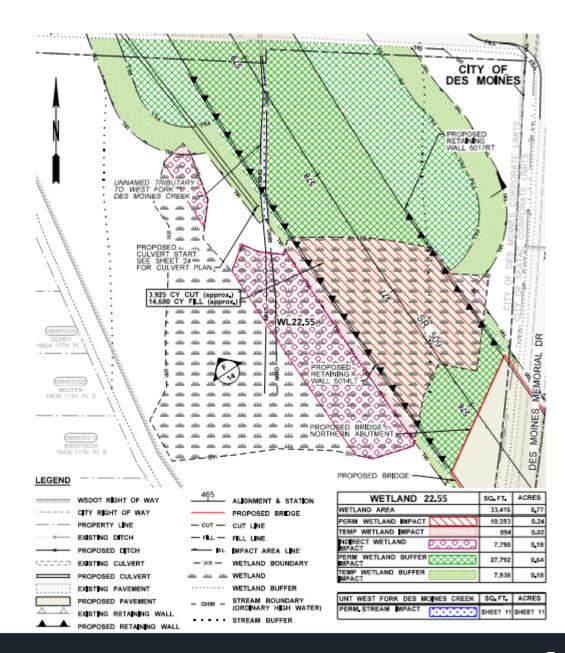
History of SR 509 Completion Project

Year	Milestone		
1960s-1990s	Purchased 3.3 miles of right-of-way for the new SR 509 route		
1995	Released Tier I Corridor Draft Environmental Impact Statement (DEIS)		
2002	Published Tier II DEIS		
2003	Final EIS and Record of Decision (ROD) approved		
2006	Published Final Wetland Mitigation Report		
2008	Project pause due to loss of funding		
2007-2011	Some mitigation work were carried forward and constructed		
2015	State legislature funded the project under the Puget Sound Gateway Program		
2020-2021	Re-delineated/re-assessed wetlands and other sensitive areas in the corridor		
2023	Finalized Conceptual Wetland Mitigation Report for Stage 2 Obtained 401/404 permits		



Stage 2 Wetland Impacts

Impact Type	Duration	Acres
	Permanent	1.48
Wetland	Long-term Temporary	0.53
Impact	Permanent Conversion	0.62
	Indirect	0.94
Wetland	Permanent	1.08
Buffer Impact	Temporary	1.06



Avoidance & Minimization

- Adjusting the horizontal and vertical alignment (i.e bridge height) during early planning phases
- Spanning wetlands and locating bridge piers outside of wetlands to the greatest extent practicable.
- Incorporating retaining walls wherever feasible.
- Locating stormwater treatment ponds, vaults, and drains outside of wetlands.
- Widening needed for the I-5 southbound auxiliary lane will occur toward the inside median instead of toward the outside lane to avoid wetland impacts



Compensation

Stage 2 Project Footprint

Mitigation Site

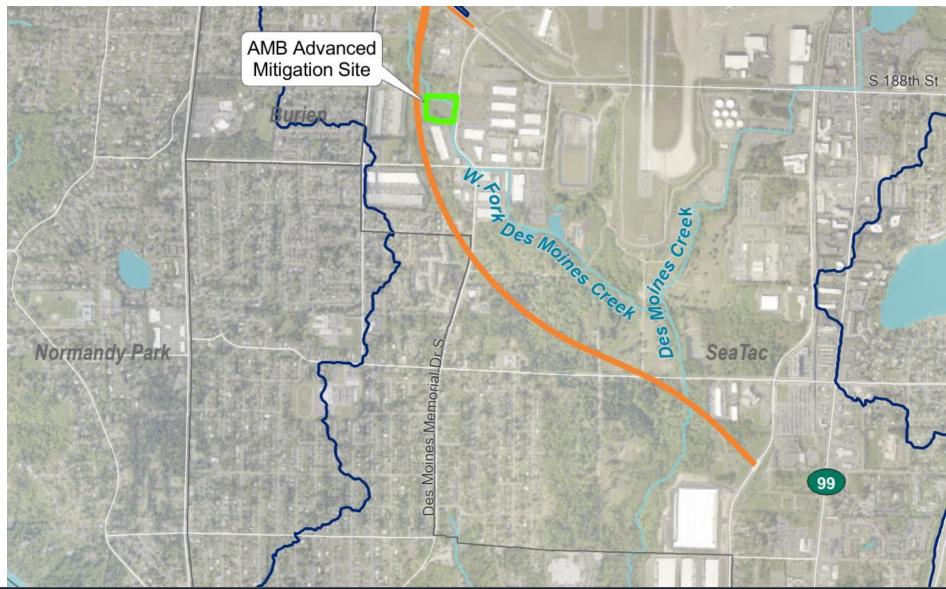
Stream

Water

Des Moines

Creek Drainage

Basin





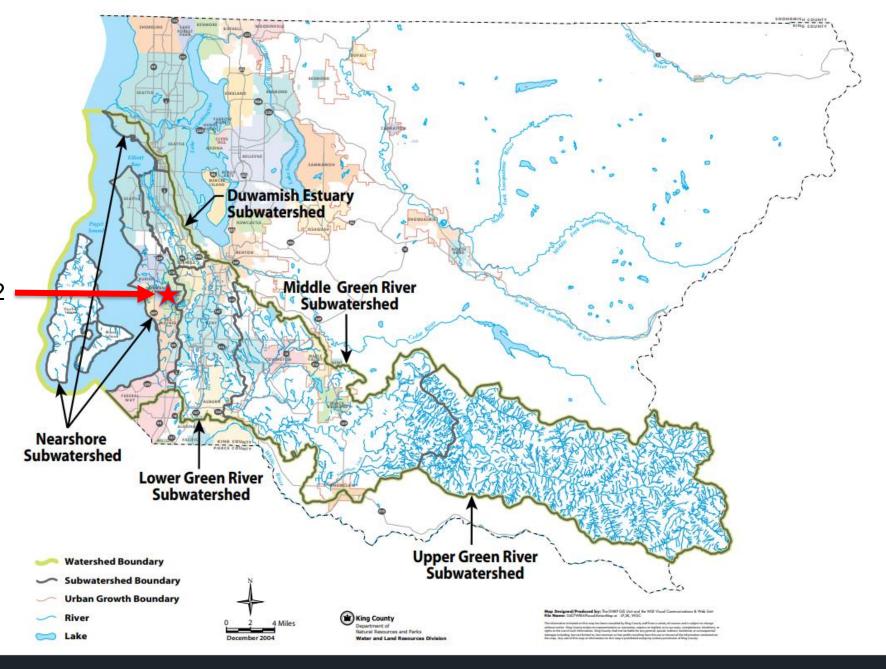
Compensation

Impact Type	Acres	Credit to be used at AMB Mitigation Site	Credit still needed
Permanent Wetland Impact	1.48	1.573 establishment credit 0.002 enhancement credit	0
Long-term Temporary Wetland Impact	0.53	0.279 enhancement credit	0
Permanent Wetland Conversion	0.62	0.05 enhancement credit 0.740 preservation credit	2.094 wetland preservation credit
Indirect Wetland Impact	0.94	0	2.927 upland preservation credit
Permanent Wetland Buffer Impact	1.08	0	1.42 upland preservation credit



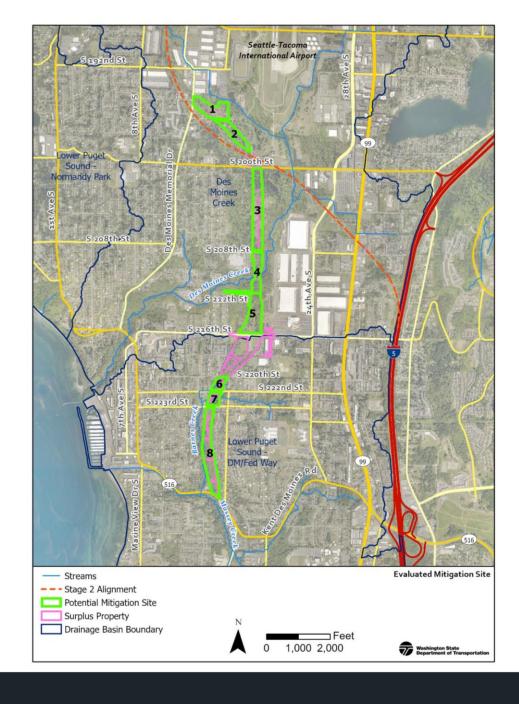
Water Resource Inventory Area 9

SR 509 Stage 2





WSDOT surplus properties



Barnes Creek - Site Conditions

- Approximately 20 acres
- Currently undeveloped but at risk once surplused
- High-intensity residential surrounding the site
- Barnes Creek and its tributary run along the western perimeter
- Wetland delineation conducted in June 2021 and identified 17 depressional/slope wetlands (2 Category II, 13 Category III, and 2 Category IV wetlands)
- Immediately upstream from the corrected fish barrier at SR 516







Proposed Ratios at Barnes Creek

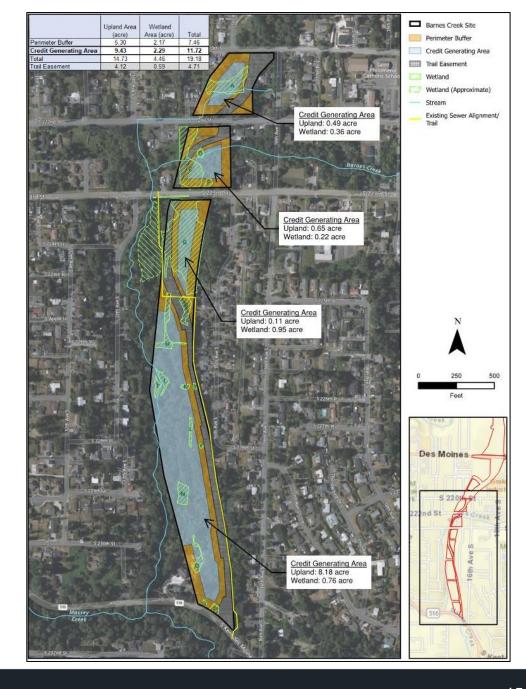
- 4:1 for Wetland Preservation for Cat II Permanent Conversion Impacts (1/2 of 8:1)
- 6:1 for Wetland Preservation for Cat III Permanent Conversion Impacts(1/2 of 12:1)
- 3.25:1 for Upland Preservation for Cat II Indirect Impact (1/4 of 13:1)
- 2.5:1 for Upland Preservation for Cat III Indirect Impacts (1/4 of 10:1)
- 1:1 for Buffer Impacts

Challenges

- Planned Future Trail
- Varied Perimeter Buffers
 - 60 feet within the site boundary
 - o 25-40 feet along the trail easement
 - No perimeter buffers on steep ravines
- Invasive Species Removal
- Encroachment/Encampment

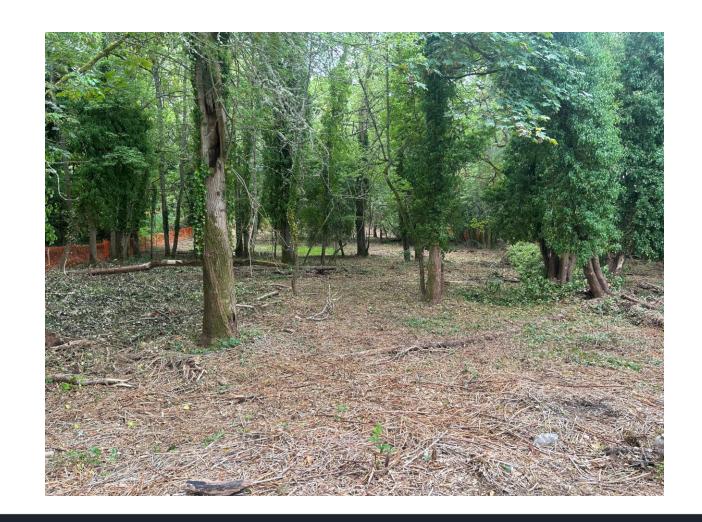






Current Status

- Summer 2024 Invasive Removal
- Fall 2024 Planting



Summary Points

- Consider prioritizing riparian corridors that need protection
- Take advantage of properties that you already have
- A combined approach with other mitigation types (re-establishment or enhancement) could get you what you need for compensatory mitigation with preservation
- Upland preservation may be used to compensate for indirect wetland impacts
- Start coordinating early!

