ECOYSTEMS

as models

Riparian



for restoring our

ECONOMIES

Our 21st Century Challenge

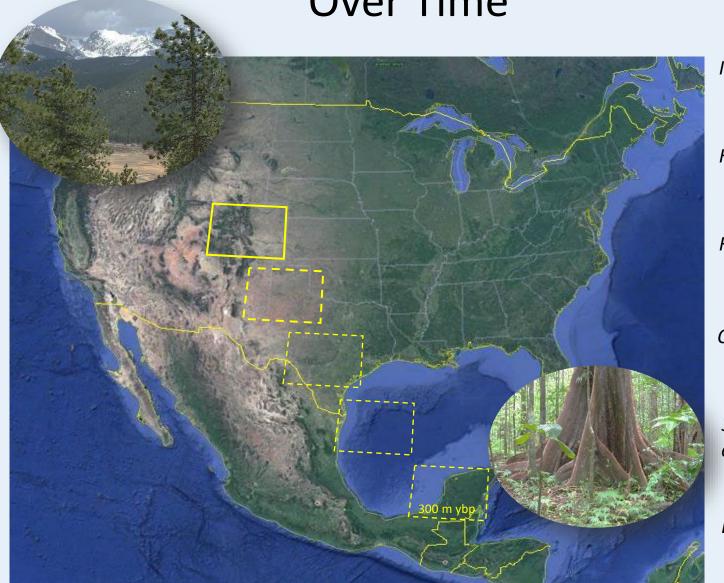


An economy that meets our needs without jeopardizing the needs of others, nor the health of the ecosystems we rely upon?

Ecosystem Resilience & Productivity







Ice ages came & went

Homo sapiens emerged

Rise of Mammals

Oxygen levels declined

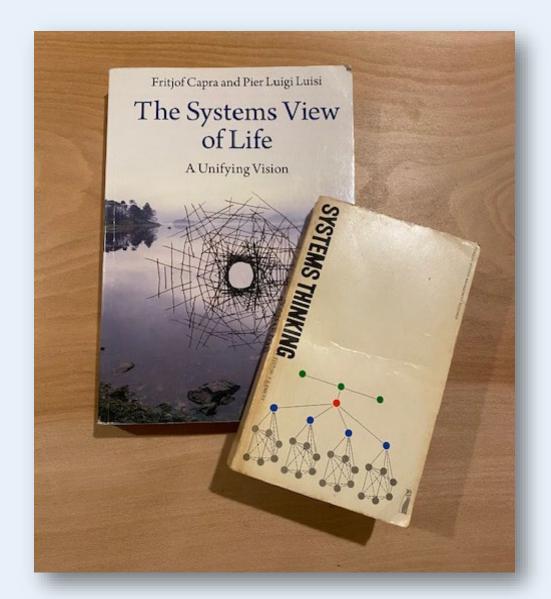
3 of every 4 plants went extinct

End of Dinosaurs

Systems Thinking



The branch of science laboring to understand the structure and functioning of living and nonliving systems.

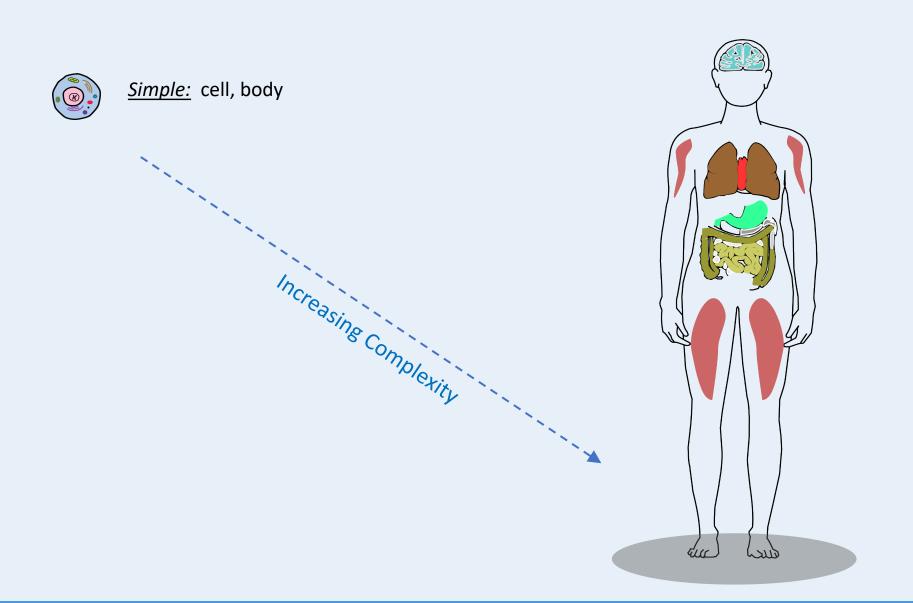




A Self-Regulating System



(Can maintain itself. No external instructions)



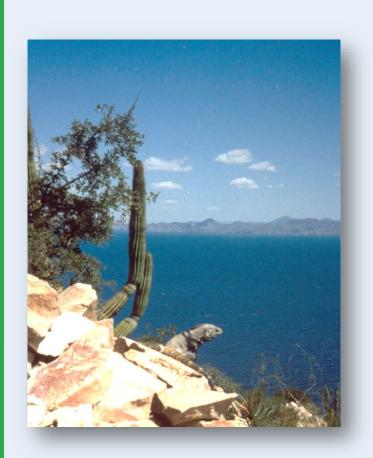
Populations to Ecosystems





Complexity – Persistence Principle





The ability for a system to persist over time increases as complexity increases.

Have our Economies Achieved an Adequate Level of Complexity, and at the Right Scale?



Enough wood exported from North America in 2021 to build 37,000 homes

Painful as it may seem, we must question if our most important social & environmental problems can be resolved without first resolving the economic flaws responsible for their creation.

Capitalism

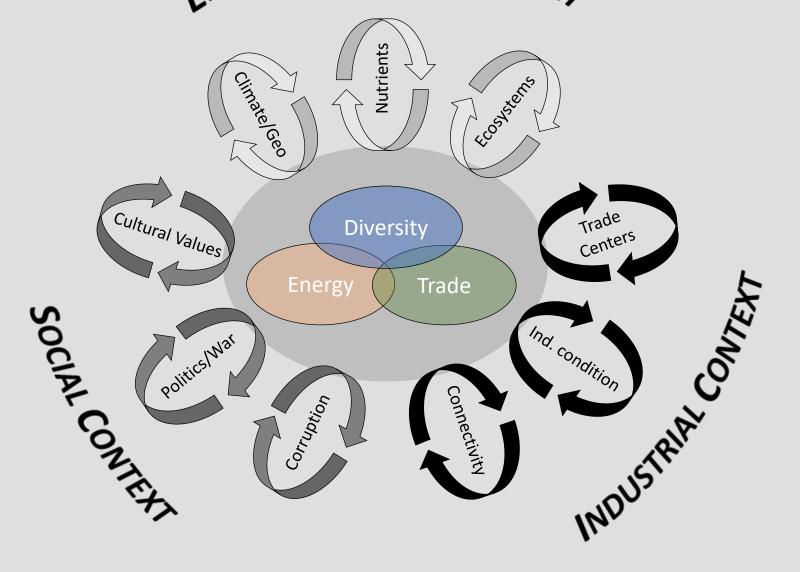


resources necessary to maintain a thriving economy

When the economy is structured well



ENVIRONMENTAL CONTEXT



GDP = Gross Overestimate of Productivity

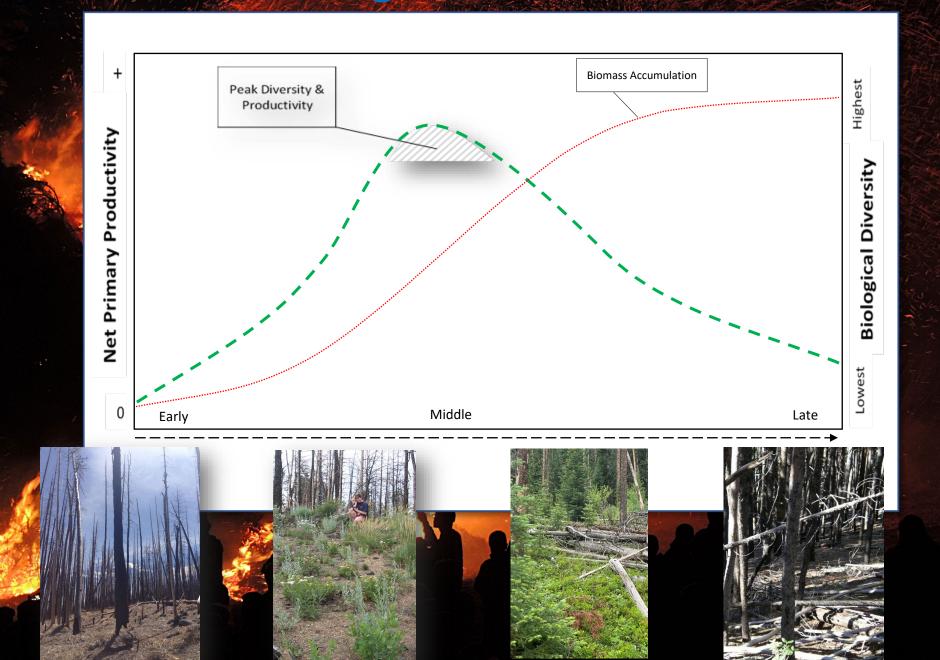


• GDP Doesn't account for depletion of soil, water, people, and other resources.

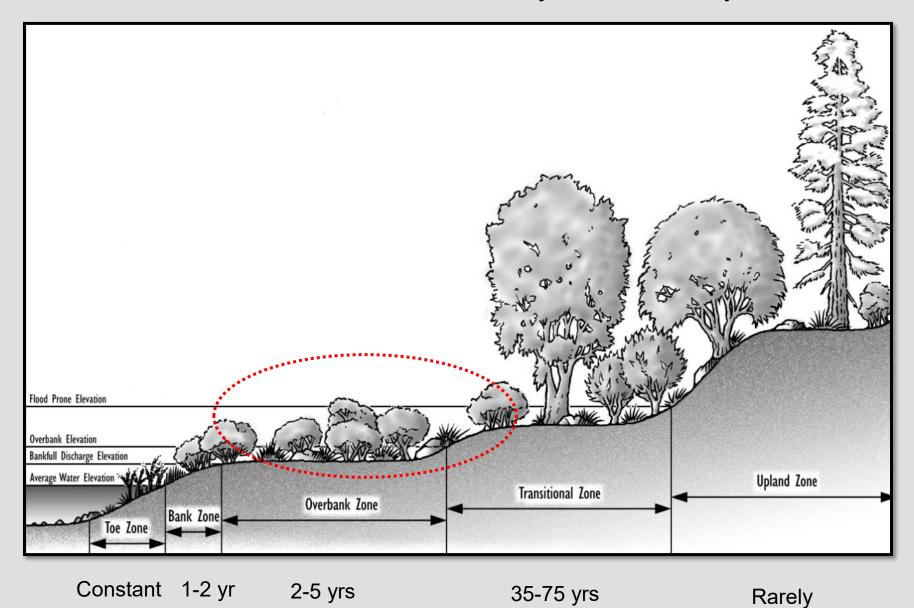


The A horizon is completely gone from ~33 million acres of the corn belt. (\$2.8 billion in economic losses per year)

Ecological Succession



Peak Production/Diversity in Floodplains



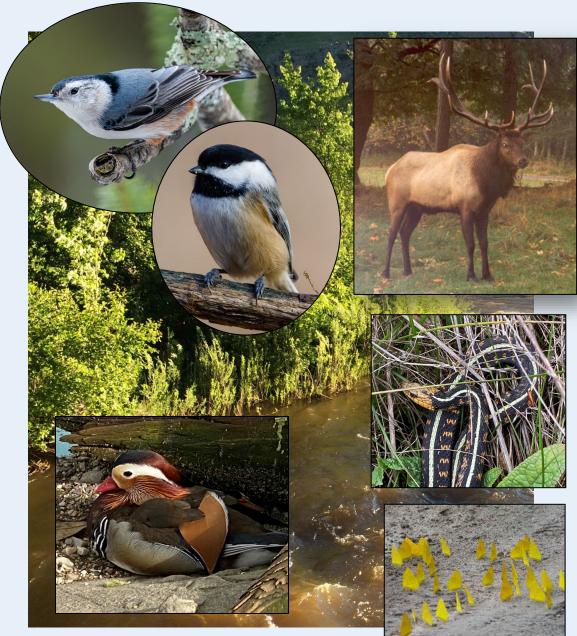
Hoag and Fripp (2005)

Diversity Confers Resilience



Seven Forms of BioDiversity





Richness
Diversity of Functions
Redundancy of Functions



Intrinsic Benefits of Diversity



- Increased resistance and resilience to disturbance
- Higher net productivity
- More even distribution of biomass (capital/wealth) to more individuals

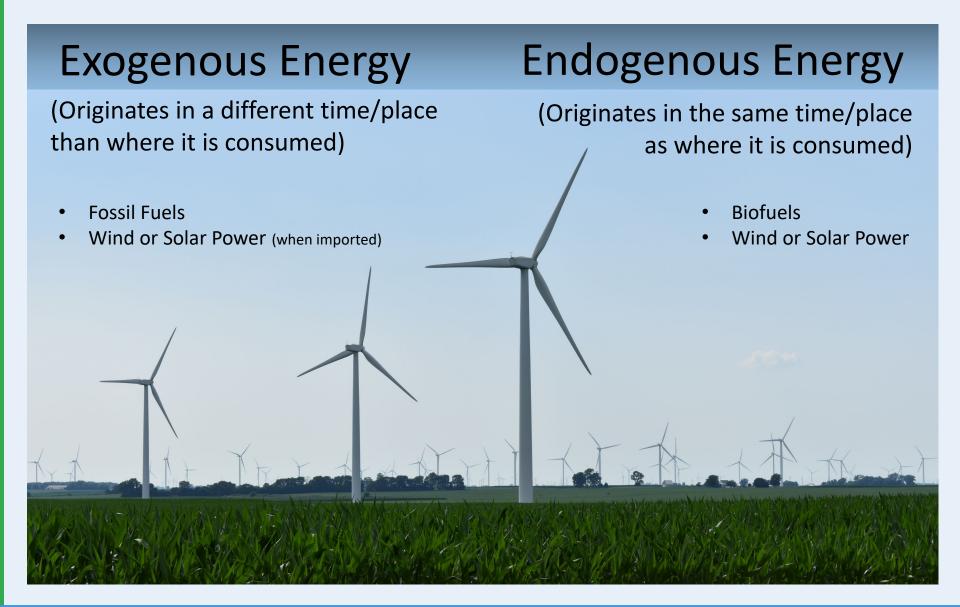




- Stronger wages and employment
- Increased energy capture

Energy





Energy Transfers in Ecosystems



Primary Producers (plants) = 1st trophic level



Energy's Influence on BioDiversity



Exogenous Energy

BioDiversity



Midolo et al. 2019. Impacts of nitrogen addition on plant species richness and abundance: A global meta-analysis.

Soons et al. 2017. Nitrogen effects on plant species richness in herbaceous communities are more widespread....

Various works of Dr. Pashke, Ed Redente, and their students (CSU)

Energy Transfers in US Economies





Diversity Declines in Agriculture





1940s - rise in Nitrogen inputs

Decline in Manufacturing





Decline in Grain Mills







Job Multipliers Cut Two Ways





- Manufacturing industries create
 ~ 7.5 jobs for every 1 direct job.
- Retail & service industries create
 ~ 1.6 jobs for every 1 direct job.



Resource Transfers in US Economy





Transfer of Resources In/Out of Economy

Trade's Influence on Diversity



Economic Diversity







= More Efficient **Energy** Capture



Transfers of **Energy & Resources**into/out of an Economy
Decrease its Diversity



Greater Economic

Diversity

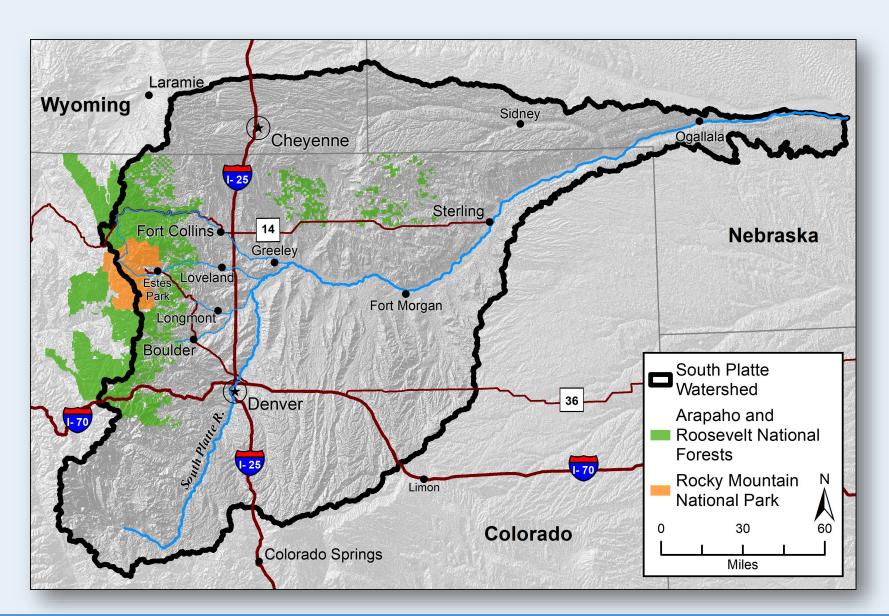
= Increased NDP



Economic Restoration at the Right Scale



(regional economy)



Building & Retaining Local Wealth

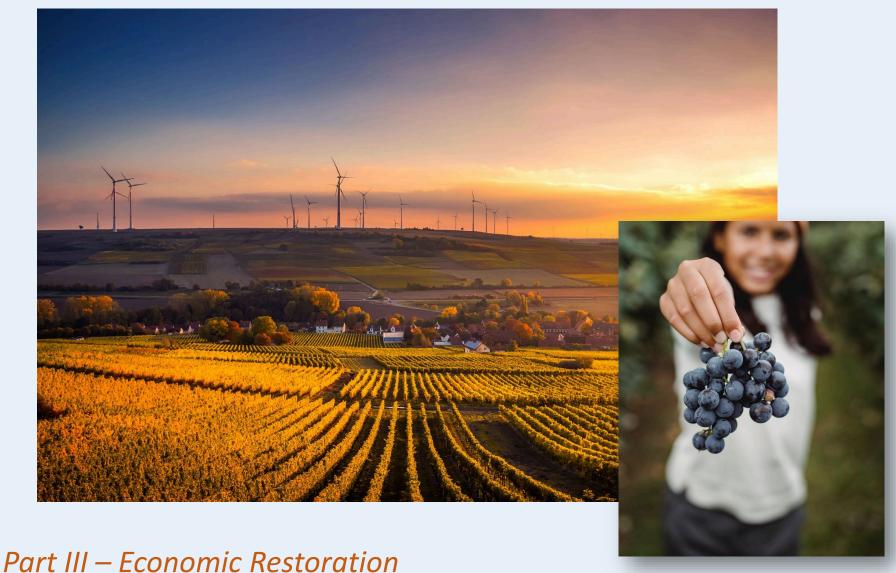




- Over <u>half</u> of the money spent at independent businesses is recirculated locally
- About 14% of money spent at chain stores is recirculated locally
- Local businesses are more likely to hire local professionals (legal, accounting, etc.)

Evolution Acts on the Community





Part III — Economic Restoration
(As Informed by Process of Ecological Restoration)

Get a 1st edition (paperback or pdf), and catch future talks:

https://www.Growingln.org

100% of profits support agricultural restoration

www.aloterraservices.com/agriculture

