

### Eriocaulon ERIOCAULACEAE

*Eriocaulon septangulare* With. (B,D,F,J,Pt,V) PIPEWORT (*E. aquaticum*, C; *E. articulatum*, Pp) Very rare on lake borders, and usually in calcareous soil. The following lists of associates were made at two separate stations on the shores of Goose Lake in Porter County, which lake has since been destroyed. Station one: *Drosera intermedia*, *Eleocharis olivacea*, *Fimbristylis autumnalis*, *Fuirena pumila*, *Hypericum boreale*, and *Psilocarya scirpoides*. Station two: *Calamagrostis canadensis*, *Cephalanthus occidentalis*, *Ludwigia alternifolia*, *Pontederia cordata*, *Rhynchospora capitellata*, and *Scirpus fluviatilis*. At Chamberlain Lake, in St. Joseph County, it grows with a number of rare species: *Drosera intermedia*, *Eleocharis melanocarpa*, *Eleocharis robbinsii*, *Fuirena pumila*, *Panicum verrucosum*, *Psilocarya scirpoides*, *Rhexia virginica*, *Scirpus purshianus*, and *Xyris difformis*. This latter site, unique to the planet, appears doomed to development. The plight of *Eriocaulon septangulare* seems to symbolize our attitude toward our environment. - - - Moldenke (1969) believed our plants to be distinct from British plants, calling ours *E. pellucidum* Michx., and mapping it from Lake (Indiana), La Porte, Porter, St. Joseph, and Starke counties. 31 JUL - 18 AUG. OBL. C = 10

